Generation of **High-Quality Polygonal Meshes** Leif Kobbelt

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Geometry Processing Pipeline

• raw data (points, polygons, voxels) \rightarrow shape information



Geometry Processing Pipeline

- raw data (points, polygons, voxels)
- → shape information

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mesh generation (triangles)

continuity





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Geometry Processing Pipeline

- raw data (points, polygons, voxels)
- mesh generation (triangles)
- mesh repair (manifolds)
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 \rightarrow continuity

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→ topological consistency

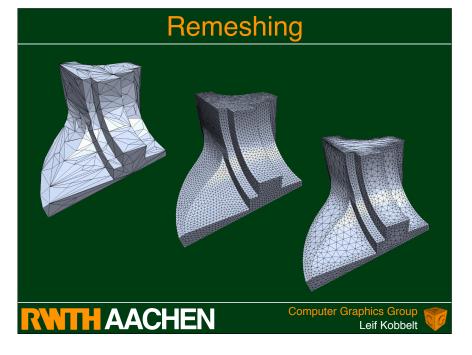
Geometry Processing Pipeline

- → shape information raw data (points, polygons, voxels)
- mesh generation (triangles)

 \rightarrow continuity

- mesh repair (manifolds)
- → topological consistency
- mesh optimization → geometric quality (smoothing, decimation, remeshing)

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Geometry Processing Pipeline

- raw data (points, polygons, voxels)
- → shape information

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- mesh generation (triangles)
- mesh repair (manifolds)

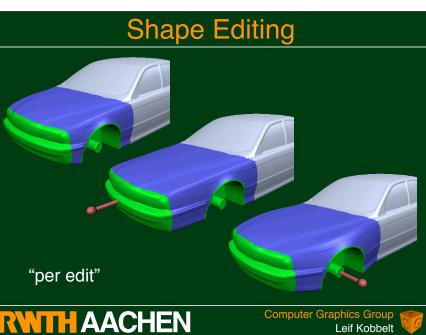
- \rightarrow continuity
- - → topological consistency

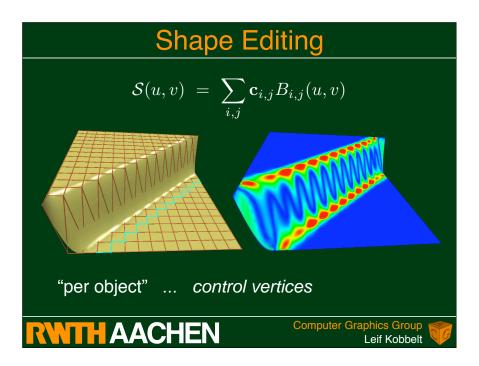
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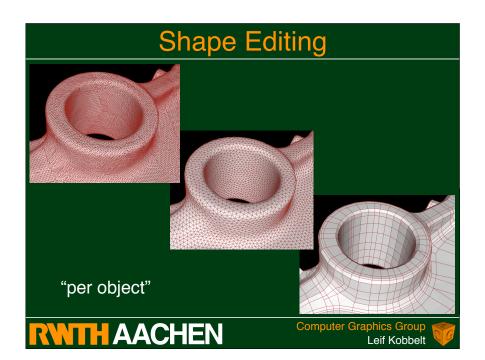
- mesh optimization \rightarrow geometric quality (smoothing, decimation, remeshing)
- → intuitive handling / dynamics mesh editing (shape control handles)











Marching Cubes

Generate - Repair - Optimize

- ... from volume data
 - thresholding (marching cubes et al.)
 - deformable surfaces
- ... from point clouds
 - surface-based vs. volumetric
 - signed vs. unsigned distance function

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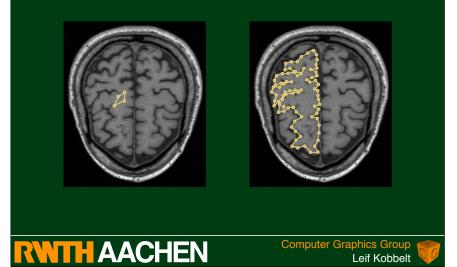
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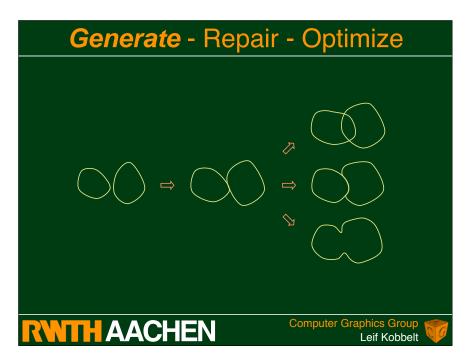
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- thresholding is sensitive to noise
- deformable surfaces preserve smoothness and connectedness
- explicit formulation: snakes
 - re-parameterization issues
- implicit formulation: level sets
 - topology control

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Implicit Representation

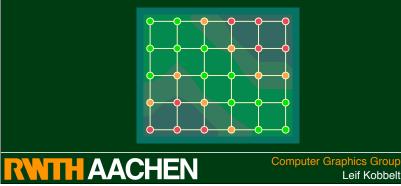
- contour $\mathcal{C}(t) \subseteq R^3$
- arrival time $\eta(x,y,z)\in R$
- level set $\mathcal{C}(t) = \{\mathbf{p} \in R^3 : \eta(\mathbf{p}) = t\}$
- solve PDE for η

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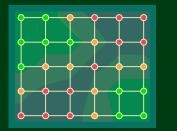
Fast Marching Method

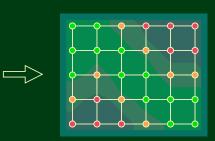
- Each grid point is assigned one of three states.
 - ullet conquered, fixed $\eta(\mathbf{p})$
 - front, tentative $\eta(\mathbf{p})$
 - far away, unknown $\eta(\mathbf{p}) = \infty$



Fast Marching Method

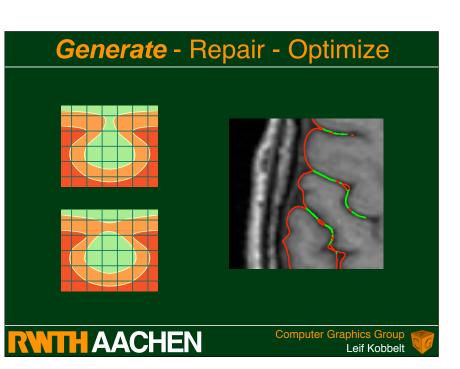
• The fast marching method provides no topology control, i.e. the contour may merge.

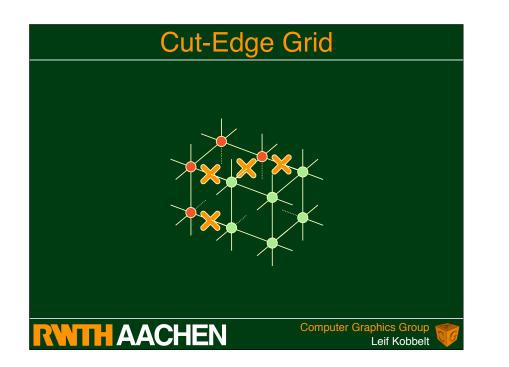


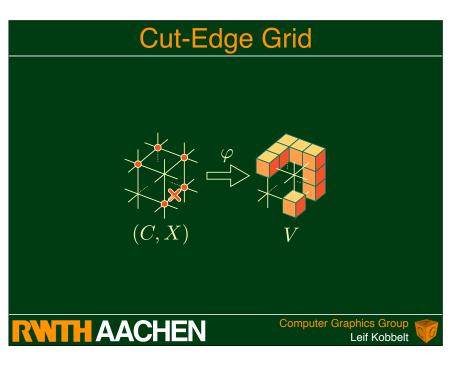


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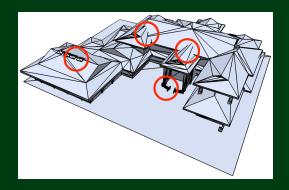


- ... from unstructured triangle soups
- ... from tesselated NURBS models

Generate - Repair - Optimize

• 3D models may look nice at the first glance ...

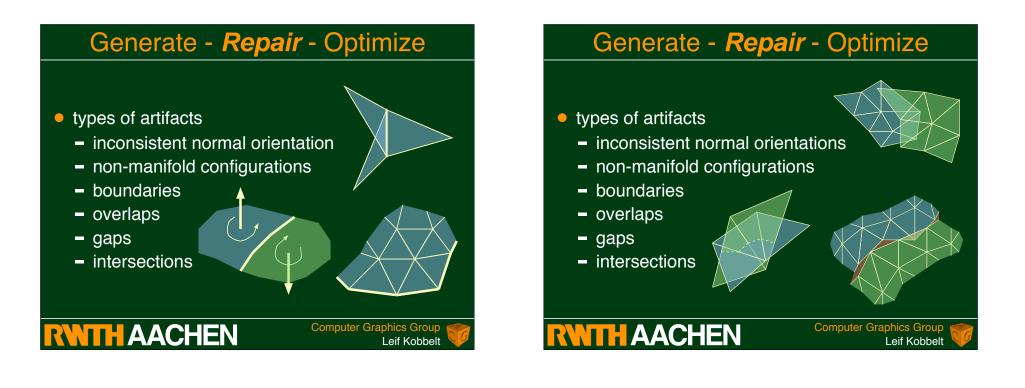
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- surface oriented approaches
 - structure preserving, minimal modification of the input
 - no guarantee on output quality
- volume oriented approaches
 - guaranteed manifold output
 - aliasing artifacts, limited resolution, global resampling



Generate - Repair - Optimize

- surface-based techniques
- volumetric techniques
- hybrid representations

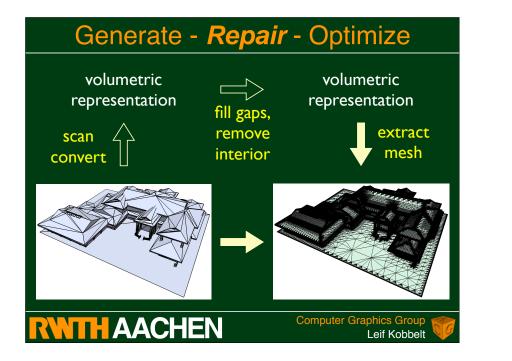
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- voxel grid ... simple topology
- triangle mesh ... best available geometry

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- given: input model M maximum approx. tolerance ε maximum hole/gap size ρ
- find: watertight, manifold model R with
 - distance(M,R) < ϵ
 - distance(\mathbf{R},\mathbf{M}) < ρ

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- distance(R,M) > $\epsilon \Rightarrow$ boundary of M
- faithful normal reconstruction

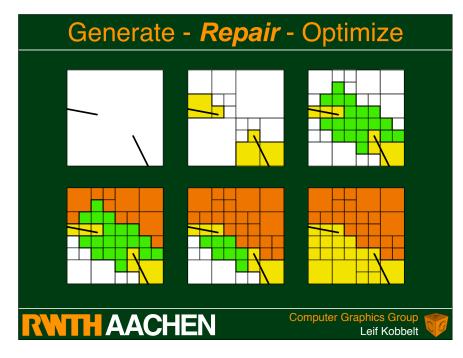
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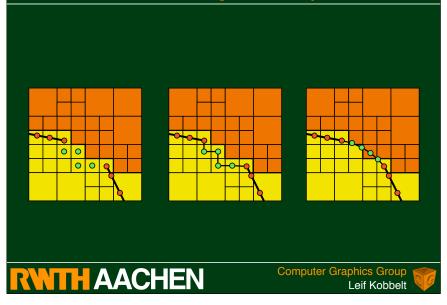
Generate - *Repair* - Optimize

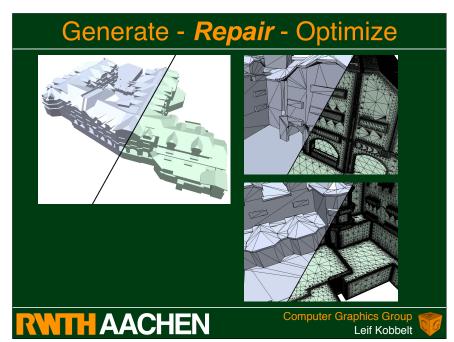
adaptive scan conversion

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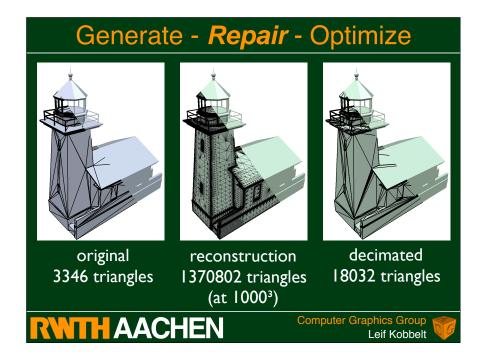
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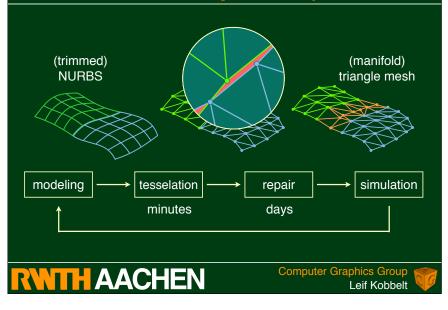


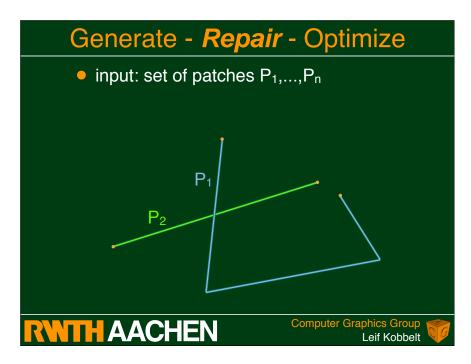


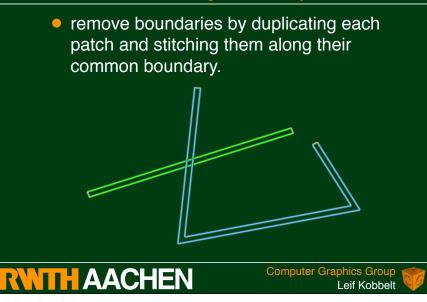


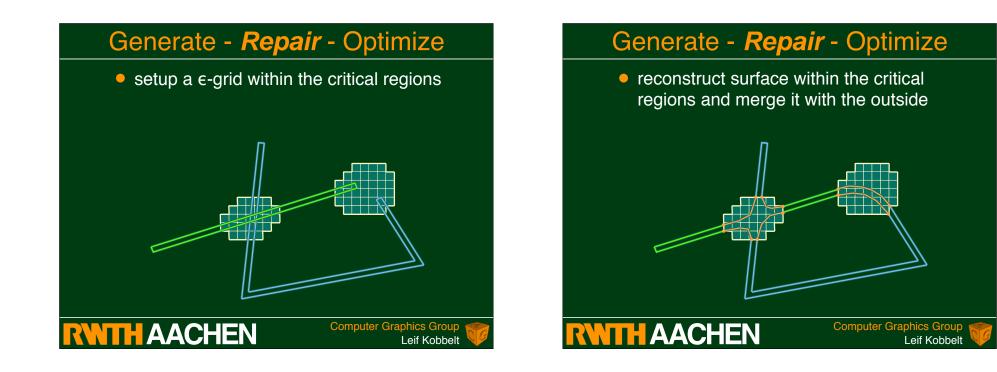
Generate - <i>Repair</i> - Optimize										
#input triangles	11904			50056						
resolution	500 ³	1000³	1500 ³	500 ³	1000 ³	1500 ³				
#cells	1024K	4019K	7610K	4120K	17411K	29518K				
#triangles	1187K	3882K	6890K	1459K	4780K	7421K				
scan conversion	18s	255s	311s	Os	1545s	4852s				
extraction	25s	91s	186s	43s	220s	331s				
total	43s	346s	497s	l 53s	1765s	5183s				
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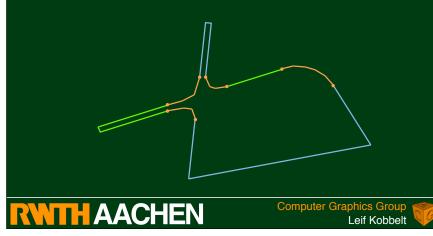


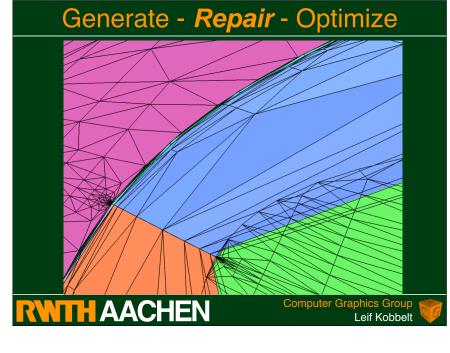


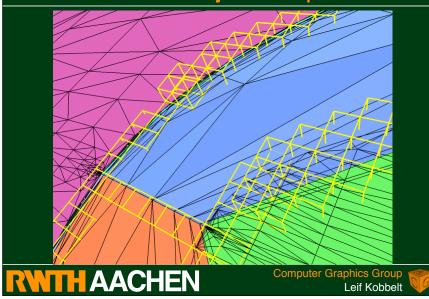




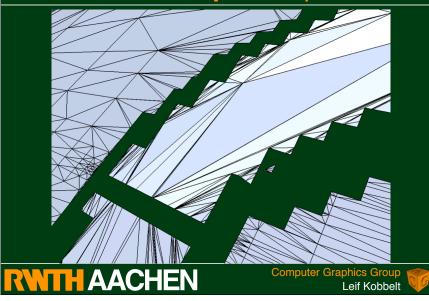
- remove internal geometry
- decimation / optimization



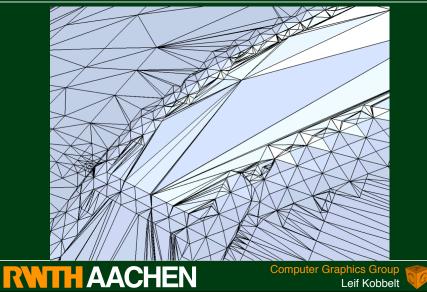


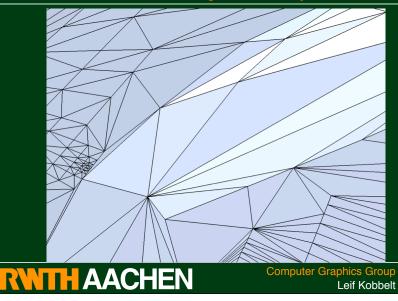


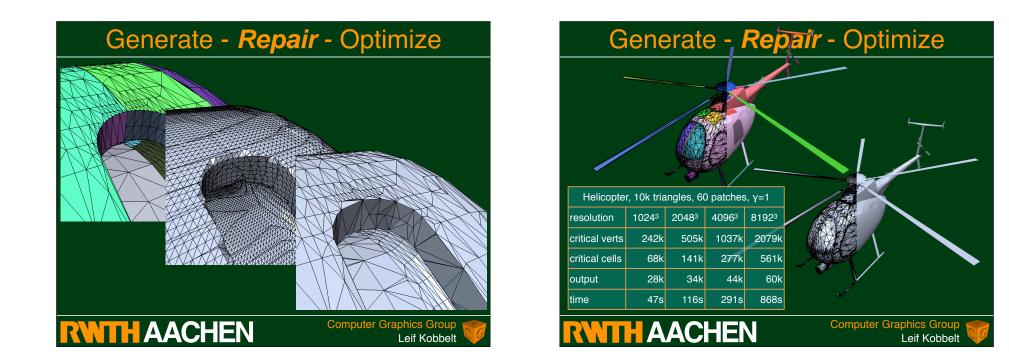
Generate - Repair - Optimize











Generate - <i>Repair</i> - Optimize										
		A Harrison								
		Fan, 269k triangles, 12 patches, γ=2								
	THAN	resolution	1024 ³	2048 ³	4096 ³	8192 ³				
		critical verts	238k	460k	828k	1649k				
		critical cells	64k	113k	229k	523k				
		output	503k	512k	529k	556k				
	SALAK'	time	83s	123s	193s	303s				
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- isotropic remeshing
- anisotropic remeshing

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- isotropic remeshing prefers ...
 - equal edge length
 - remove too short edges
 - remove too long edges
 - regular valences
 - valence balance
 - uniform vertex distribution
 - tangential smoothing



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edge collapse

2-4 edge split

edge flip

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Generate - Repair - Optimize

- 0. specify target edge length L
- 1. split all edges long than L_{max}
- 2. collapse all edges shorter than L_{min}
- 3. flip edges to promote valence 6
- 4. relax vertex positions by tangential smoothing
- 5. goto 1

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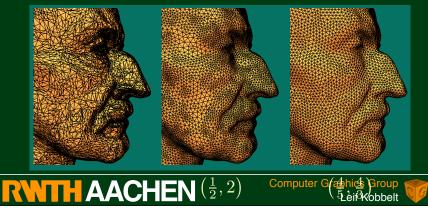
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Generate - Repair - Optimize

- optimal thresholds !?
 - $(L_{min}, L_{max}) = (0.5, 2.0)$ $(L_{min}, L_{max}) = (4/5, 4/8)$



Generate - Repair - Optimize

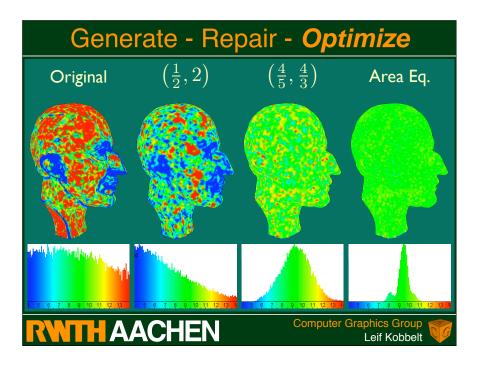
- tangential smoothing with area equalization (leads to symmetric Laplace matrix)
- area-weighted centroid

$$\mathbf{g}_i := \frac{1}{\sum_{\mathbf{q}_i} A(\mathbf{q}_i)} \sum_{\mathbf{q}_i} A(\mathbf{q}_i) \, \mathbf{q}_i$$

tangential update

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$$\mathbf{p}_i \mapsto \mathbf{p}_i + \lambda \left(I - \mathbf{n}_i \mathbf{n}_i^T \right) \left(\mathbf{g}_i - \mathbf{p}_i \right)$$



- an-isotropic remeshing prefers ...
 - quad faces
 - curvature dependent size and aspect ratio (approximation measure)
 - local orientation (curvature directions, shape operator)
 - global alignment (feature detection and handling)

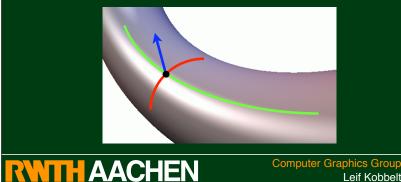
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Generate - Repair - Optimize

- local orientation
- 2nd fundamental form defines a local orthogonal frame (min-/max-curvature directions plus normal)

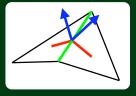


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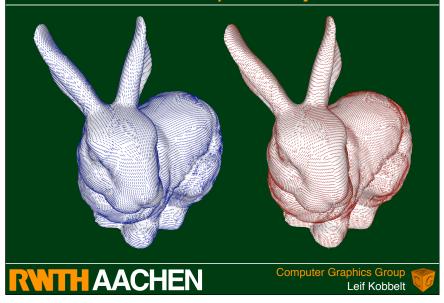
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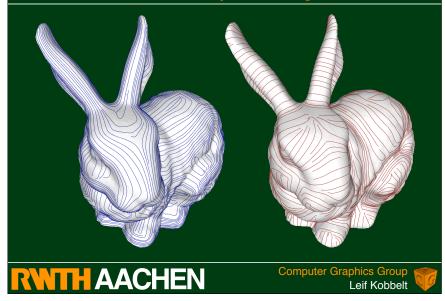
- $\mathbf{e} \mathbf{e}^T$ • projection to edges $\|\mathbf{e}\| = 1$ (minimum curvature direction)
- weighted sum of edge projection operators

 $\mathcal{S}(\mathbf{p}) = \sum \beta(\mathbf{e}) \|\mathbf{e} \cap B(\mathbf{p})\| \mathbf{e} \mathbf{e}^T$ $\mathbf{e} \in B(\mathbf{p})$



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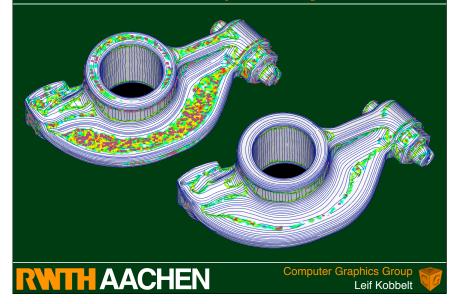


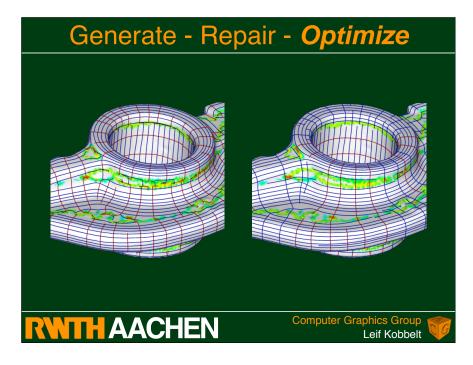
- compute curvature direction field
- estimate local reliability
- propagate orientation information from anisotropic regions to isotropic ones
- trace curve network along minimum and maximum curvature directions (starting from anisotropic regions)

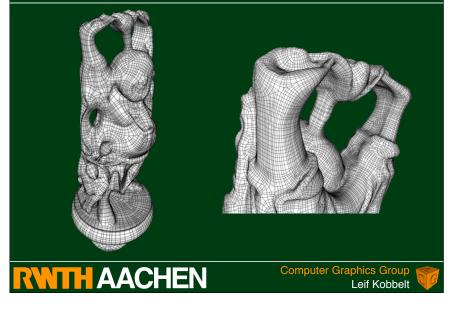
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Generate - Repair - Optimize







- marching techniques cannot capture the global structure of the model
- critical for *coarse* quad meshes
- two-step procedure:
 - segmentation (global structure)

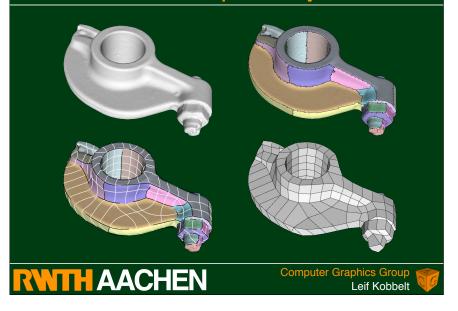
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 quad meshing per segment (local shape and alignment)

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Generate - Repair - **Optimize**



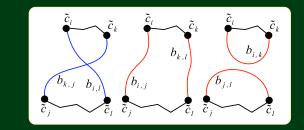
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Generate - Repair - Optimize

- combinatorial optimization
- energy functional

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- orthogonality at intersections
- parallelism within faces



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